

RMRP 2025-2026



Inter-Agency Coordination
Platform for Refugees and
Migrants from Venezuela

RMRP 2025-2026 Submission form

Country

- | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Regional | <input type="radio"/> Argentina | <input type="radio"/> Aruba |
| <input type="radio"/> Bolivia | <input type="radio"/> Brazil | <input type="radio"/> Chile |
| <input type="radio"/> Costa Rica | <input type="radio"/> Curacao | <input type="radio"/> Colombia |
| <input type="radio"/> Dominican Republic | <input type="radio"/> Ecuador | <input type="radio"/> Guyana |
| <input type="radio"/> Mexico | <input type="radio"/> Panama | <input type="radio"/> Paraguay |
| <input type="radio"/> Peru | <input type="radio"/> Trinidad & Tobago | <input type="radio"/> Uruguay |

Appealing organization:

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| <input type="radio"/> ACAPS | <input type="radio"/> Action against Hunger | <input type="radio"/> CARE |
| <input type="radio"/> Coalición por Venezuela | <input type="radio"/> Danish Refugee Council (DRC) | <input type="radio"/> HIAS |
| <input type="radio"/> IMPACT Initiatives (REACH) | <input type="radio"/> International Labour Organization (ILO) | |
| <input type="radio"/> International Organization for Migration (IOM) | <input type="radio"/> Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) | |
| <input type="radio"/> Latin American Network of Non-Governmental Organizations of Persons with Disabilities and their Families (RIADIS) | | |
| <input type="radio"/> Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) | | |
| <input type="radio"/> Panamerican Health Organization/World Health Organization (PAHO/WHO) | <input type="radio"/> Plan International | |
| <input type="radio"/> RET International | <input type="radio"/> Save the Children International (SCI) | |
| <input type="radio"/> United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) | <input type="radio"/> United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) | |
| <input type="radio"/> United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) | | |
| <input type="radio"/> United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UNWOMEN) | | |
| <input type="radio"/> United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) | | |
| <input type="radio"/> United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) | | |
| <input type="radio"/> United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) | <input type="radio"/> United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) | |
| <input type="radio"/> World Food Programme (WFP) | <input type="radio"/> World Vision | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Other |

Other/New Organisation

Please insert like this: Name of the organisation (ACRONYM)

HGAJHDJ

Type of organisation

- Academic
- Civil Society
- Faith Base Organizations
- INGO
- NNGO
- Red Cross
- UN

Contact name:

Email:

Please upload the Submission Excel provided

Please upload the dully filled Excel submission template.

Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)

Please select for which sectors you are submitting activities:

- Shelter
- Humanitarian transportation
- Food Security
- Nutrition
- WASH
- Health (incl. sexual and reproductive health)
- Education
- Protection general
- Child protection
- GBV
- Human Trafficking & Smuggling
- Integration (incl. livelihoods, financial inclusion and social cohesion)
- Multipurpose Cash
- Common Services (incl. AAP, Platform or Sector Coordination, Communication, CwC, Environment, Gender, Information Management, PSEA, and Reporting)

Gender with Age Marker (GAM)

Please follow this [link](#) to complete the GAM self-assessment

Please contact Mar Companys (mar.companys@unwomen.org) and Carolina Tejada (carolina.tejada@unwomen.org) for any questions related to the GAM

Please insert your GAM Reference number:

eg: G123456789

HD3444

Please insert your Overall GAM code:

eg: 4 (M)

3(m)

Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP) and Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA)

Were the submitted activities designed based on consultations with affected people?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

Do the submitted activities include provision of information to affected populations on the assistance that is being provided?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

Activities include strategies to engage different groups of the affected populations in the design, implementation and evaluation phases of the response in order to consider people's preferences and priorities and deliver on the "do no harm" principle.

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

Are activities designed based on an assessment of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA) risks and understanding of SEA vulnerabilities of different groups?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

Does your organization have policies that cover SEA including written guidance on where and how to report allegations of SEA or handle SEA reports/complaints made by the affected population?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

The submission includes strategies to prevent and address SEA including a Code of Conduct, training of all personnel involved in the activities and communication of expected behaviours of personnel to affected populations?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

Are there feedback and complaint mechanisms integrated in the submitted activities?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

How do the activities (collectively) address centrality of protection (CoP)?

The activities address existing barriers to access of assistance and enjoyment of rights?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

The activities address protection threats?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

The activities prevent and contribute to stopping the recurrence of violations of international human rights, refugee and humanitarian law?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

The activities enhance coordination with protection stakeholders, including affected populations?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

The activities' monitoring measures the safety of beneficiaries?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

The activities' monitoring measures the dignity of beneficiaries?

- Yes
- No
- Partially
- Not applicable

Environment marker self-assessment questionnaire

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Shelter**Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?****Inclusion of environmental impact assessment and monitoring in your plans and interventions**

The actions involve conducting environmental assessments to identify potential negative impacts using Nexus Environmental Assessment Tool (NEAT+), or a similar tool to identify negative environmental impacts of planned interventions, preparing a report on the risks and mitigation measures, and integrating these into Shelter and Settlement program plans. Additionally, hazard risk analysis and mapping will ensure that interventions avoid areas prone to flooding, landslides, or other hazards to prevent repeated displacements.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Introduction of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to provide climate adaptive functions for cities and urban settlements, without depleting local natural resources

This can be achieved by designing climate-resilient structures that consider seasonal elements, using green roofs, walls, and urban vegetation for cooling and air quality, and integrating rainwater collection for various uses. It also involves identifying local techniques, ensuring affordable and sustainable energy systems, promoting the use of local, sustainable nature-based solutions (NBS), hiring local labor, and encouraging the safe reuse of salvaged solid waste in humanitarian settings.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Introduction of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to complement Shelter and Settlements programmes with blue-green infrastructure networks and resilient farming and gardens

This can be achieved by incorporating sustainable infrastructure elements that address settlement, climatic, and environmental challenges through nature-based solutions. Examples include using terraces for slope stabilization to mitigate landslide risks, bioswales for managing rainfall and floodwater drainage, green corridors to improve shelter access for displaced persons, and shelterbelts, greenbelts, and windbreaks to reduce the risk of shelter damage from high winds.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Consideration of environmental issues when providing cash for housing

This can include understanding the market and available accommodations by assessing the quantity and quality of construction materials, along with ethical sourcing and sustainability. It also involves conducting impact monitoring or receiving market analysis from partners to track changes in costs, effects on the host community, and any negative environmental impacts.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

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Humanitarian transport

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Integration and use of environmentally responsible transportation

For example, by using vehicles with low emissions, fuel efficiency, and safety standards to protect air quality and public health.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

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Food security

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

When designing nutrition programmes encourage the collaboration with other sectors, including WASH, health, food, supply and logistics, to develop integrated approaches in addressing waste management.

For example, minimize non-recycling food packaging and tableware, extend food product life cycles, and use residual organic matter for compost. Distribute food waste (organic and recyclable) to communities for urban gardens, local farms, composting, biomass fuel, or biodigestion.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Enhance the enabling environment for the economic inclusion of affected persons, by providing sustainable livelihood interventions addressing guest and host community needs, in coordination with the Protection sector.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of responses that protect and restore livelihoods, stabilise or create employment opportunities, and contribute to restoring long-term food security, without causing negative impact on natural resources and the environment.

This can be achieved by introducing Nature-based Solutions like climate-smart agriculture to protect the environment and support safety nets.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to bring benefits to the Food Security sector.

This can be achieved by collaborating with WASH, Shelter, and Health sectors on sustainable land use, forest management, and slope stabilization to enhance land productivity, income opportunities, and soil quality. Maintain healthy water flows and floodplains for cleaner water and better access for home gardens. Use climate-smart agriculture (CSA) for long-term water, soil, and income benefits, and focus on conserving and creating public green spaces.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

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Nutrition

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Inclusion of information on how environmental factors affect health and nutritional status.

This can include messages related to the direct impact that the environment has on human health; the effect of environmental pollution on the food we eat.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Development of integrated approaches in addressing waste management related to nutritional supplements, rations and MUAC tapes, for the design of nutrition programmes, in collaboration with other sectors, including WASH, health, food, supply and logistics.

This can include setting up communities-based collection activities, through the creation of collection points at centers/clinics/health centers and on a household level, accompanied by awareness/sensitization campaigns.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of responses that protect and restore livelihoods, stabilise or create employment opportunities, and contribute to restoring long-term food security, without causing negative impact on natural resources and the environment.

This can be achieved by implementing Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) such as climate-smart agriculture, supporting farmers, promoting local food, and creating inclusive income opportunities, especially for women, to protect the environment, enhance food security, and boost livelihoods.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to bring benefits to the Nutrition sector.

This can be achieved by collaborating with WASH, Shelter, and Health sectors to implement sustainable land management, forest restoration, slope stabilization, and climate-smart agriculture. These actions will improve soil quality, water retention, food production, access to clean water, and public health, while reducing flood risks.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

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Wash

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Inclusion of environmental impact assessment and monitoring in your plans and interventions

Actions include conducting project-level environmental assessments with partners using tools like NEAT+ to identify negative impacts of planned interventions, preparing a report on environmental risks and mitigation measures, and incorporating these into the Monitoring and Evaluation plans of WASH programs. This also involves integrating water tests for biological and chemical contamination, verifying water and soil quality downstream of treated wastewater discharge points, and applying a landscape-scale approach when mapping risks and resources, including engagement with upstream and downstream communities.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Introduction of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to reduce risks to those affected, as well as supporting DRR (Disaster Risk Reduction) and reducing exposure to natural hazards in the future

This can be achieved by improving water and sanitation through climate-resilient WASH infrastructure, water harvesting, and natural retention structures. Ensure water quality and food security by using agroforestry, climate-resilient toilets, and waste management, including nature-based solutions. Reduce flood risks and contamination through integrated flood management.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Introduction of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to complement WASH programmes with blue-green infrastructure networks

This can include engage in community-supported green/blue infrastructure measures for degraded watersheds, including restoring or protecting forests and wetlands to increase groundwater recharge and storage, using climate-smart sustainable agriculture to promote soil and water conservation; adopt multipurpose water supply solutions such as bioswales to retain flood waters in a camp and also as space for cultivating aquatic food crops (rice) etc.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of environmental issues in the delivery of hygiene promotion messages

Messages may be related to household waste management, separation of waste types, local cultural practices regarding public services and waste management, signaling of nearest WASH facilities, etc; advice on how to safely clean and reuse bottles or how to dispose of hygiene products while on the go.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

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Health

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Inclusion of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) to bring benefits to essential public healthcare.

This can be achieved by collaborating with WASH, Shelter, Nutrition, and Food Security sectors on forest restoration, slope stabilization, and greenbelt planting to reduce disease risks, injuries, and enhance health. Use green humanitarian corridors, climate-smart agriculture (CSA), soil conservation, and improved water efficiency to boost food security and nutrition.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Promotion of education and awareness programmes for professionals working in healthcare settings on the link between health and environment and prepare for the additional health risks posed by climate change and encouraging linkages with development actors

This can be achieved by delivering health promotion messages and conducting environmental training sessions to build skills for addressing complex issues. Focus on environmental risks, responsibilities, and waste reduction strategies to promote a healthy and sustainable environment.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Management of solid waste in a safe, timely, culturally sensitive and environmentally sustainable manner in all your interventions

This involves the proper disposal of hospital waste, including needles, gauze with body fluids, and menstrual hygiene items. Support this with local guidance or an environmental management plan, including a toxic and hazardous waste management plan validated by internal authorities.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

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Education

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Inclusion of environmental and climate change awareness, through a gender, age and disability inclusion lens, as modules in education lesson plans where this is under the control of the organization.

This includes early education on environmental hazards, fostering sustainable habits, and incorporating environmental and climate change awareness into school curricula and sensitization sessions under an Education in Emergencies program, if possible.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Integration of environmental and climate-friendly activities in day-to-day running of schools, where this is under the control of the organisation.

This can involve waste management (up-cycling and down-cycling), tree planting, and school vegetable gardens to boost environmental education, livelihood skills, and nutrition. Reusing greywater for garden irrigation is also beneficial.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

»

Protection

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Enhance the resilience of displaced people and hosting communities to climate related and other environmental risks.

This can be achieved by strengthening community-based early warning systems, including access to weather forecasts, evacuation drills, and capacity building. Integrate climate-related risks into multi-hazard assessments and implement area-based risk reduction and climate change adaptation measures.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of protection actions that support Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) approaches to increase resilience of social and environmental systems to climate change, disasters, to improve social cohesion, reduce conflicts and increase self-resilience.

This can be achieved through the creation of green humanitarian corridors, climate resilient infrastructure, in collaboration with other sectors; by working with environmental experts and local communities to understand how natural infrastructure, can reduce exposure to natural hazards; by providing environmentally sustainable income-generating activities that reduce the need for social protection services.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Assessment of climate/environmental security related factors in your protection interventions, considering climate-exacerbated changes as a contributing factor of regional insecurity.

These factors can lead to the exploitation of refugees or migrants through forced labor or slavery in illegal activities like logging, mining, and illicit crops. They may also face protection risks while searching for resources and be vulnerable to natural threats, climate change, and environmental health issues.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

»

Child protection

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Assessment of climate/environmental security related factors in your child protection interventions, considering climate-exacerbated changes as a contributing factor of regional insecurity.

These factors can generate risks for child protection, such as child labour with engagement in artisanal mining work (commonly used for cleaning gold using mercury or to enter narrow mine shafts), often recruited through informal networks of extended families.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Inclusion of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) approaches into child protection strategies, to enhance the protection of both human well-being and the environment.

This can be achieved by collaborating with the Education and Shelter sectors to conserve, restore, or create public green spaces in camps and settlements, from household to settlement-wide scales.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

»

Human Trafficking & Smuggling

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Assessment of climate/environmental security related factors in your interventions of prevention and response to human trafficking and smuggling, considering climate-exacerbated changes as a contributing factor of regional insecurity.

These factors can lead to the exploitation of refugees and migrants through forced labor or slavery in illegal activities such as logging, mining, and illicit crops. Recruitment may occur at borders, through intermediaries, or via shelters. Exploitation can also involve forced labor in waste collection and recycling.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

»

GBV

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Assessments of environment-related protection factors in your GBV protection interventions.

Environmental factors related to GBV might include access to energy or water, if women are forced to forage for food or water and be exposed to risk of violence. Involvement in illicit environmental economies is often associated with higher risks of violence. This involvement may be in extractive or productive activities (e.g., illicit mining, logging, or crops), or in exploitation and abuse associated with those activities.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

»

Integration (including livelihoods, financial inclusion and social cohesion)

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Integration of displaced population and vulnerable host communities in local disaster preparedness and response mechanisms

This can be achieved by working with the Protection sector to integrate climate risks into community-based preparedness and climate-smart programming in displacement settings, and to develop strategies that enhance resilience to climate and environmental risks for displaced people and host communities.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Integration of cash for work to incentivise greener, climate-smart livelihood opportunities through cash programmes designed to help people restart their livelihoods, going beyond meeting household-level basic needs objectives, in collaboration with Multipurpose Cash Assistance sector.

For instance, cash programs can build or rehabilitate community assets by supporting projects that address environmental degradation and climate change (e.g., reforestation). They can reduce the impact of natural hazards, promote climate adaptation and mitigation, enhance livelihood resilience to shocks, and support sustainable water and land management.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Integration of Nature-based-Solutions (NBS) as participatory, cross sectorial and social inclusive approach to generate activities that foster social cohesion between displaced and host communities.

This can be achieved by facilitating environmental educational activities and participating in urban regeneration planning with the Shelter and Education sectors. Formulate DRR (Disaster Risk Reduction) and anticipatory actions in coordination with the Protection, Shelter, Health, and WASH sectors.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

»

Multipurpose Cash Assistance

Are you considering the following activities in your interventions?

Ensure your interventions don't exacerbate environmental degradation and define actions to minimize the impacts.

This can be achieved by integrating environmental considerations into market assessments for sustainability. When making cash transfers for shelter reconstruction, include a sustainable resource management plan to avoid encouraging unsustainable harvesting. Consider local market limitations in providing sustainably produced products, which may lead to increased non-recyclable waste and greenhouse gas emissions.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Consider cash for work to incentivise greener, climate-smart livelihood opportunities through cash programmes designed to help people restart their livelihoods, going beyond meeting household-level basic needs objectives.

For instance, cash programs can build or rehabilitate community assets by supporting projects that address environmental degradation and climate change (e.g., reforestation). They can reduce natural hazard impacts, promote climate adaptation and mitigation, enhance livelihood resilience, and support sustainable water and land management.

- Never heard before
- Not considering it
- Considering it
- I have done it before/currently doing it

Once submitted, you will receive a confirmation email from platformr4v@gmail.com, please check your spam.

