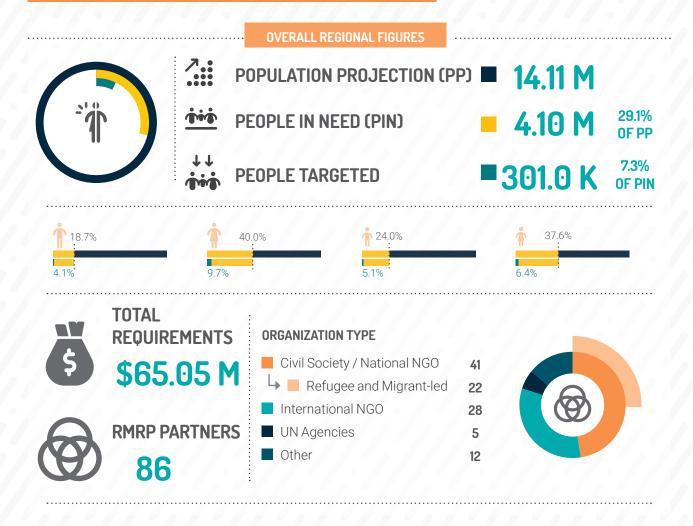


GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE (GBV)



Although the overall number of people in need of protection from or responses to gender-based violence (GBV) is slightly lower(by1percent)thantheoriginalPiNforthe2024response, across the region, the national-level PiNs for refugees and migrants in-transit generally showed increases, as did the GBV PiNs for all other population groups in 12 out of 17 countries of the R4V response.¹ The Central America and Mexico sub-regional PiN almost doubled as a reflection of the severe GBV risks faced by refugees and migrants engaging in perilous in-transit movements, as reflected in the RMNA 2023. The updated 2024 response seeks 65 million (an increase of 12 per cent from the original financial requirements in the 2024 response) to assist 301,000 people at-risk of or who have already experienced GBV, the majority of whom are women, girls and those who identify as LGBTQI+. A total of eight countries (Aruba, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Guyana, Mexico and Peru) have increased financial requirements for their updated GBV responses, largely due to new activities in the plan, including expanding coverage of

lifesaving GBV services for those in-transit.² The presence of transnational organized criminal groups along main transit routes poses security and operational challenges for GBV service providers working with populations in-transit, which was taken into account in the adjusted response activities for 2024 by deploying mobile GBV response services (including mobile women's safe spaces and psychosocial support teams) and through advocacy initiatives to restore / enhance humanitarian access. Other changes in response activities and modalities for 2024 include the expanded use of multipurpose cash and CVA for GBV survivors (especially in Brazil, Colombia, Chile, Ecuador and Peru); prioritized capacity-building with local women-led and women's rights organizations to enhance sustainability and community ownership of the GBV response; and increased investment in GBV capacity-building and advocacy with government officials in countries that have recently undergone or are undergoing political transitions, such as Ecuador and Peru.

^[1] There are reduced PiNs for GBV in several countries with comparably larger in-destination populations of Venezuelans (Chile, Colombia, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador and Peru) while all other RMRP countries have increased GBV PiNs overall (Argentina, Aruba, Brazil, Bolivia, Costa Rica, Curacao, Guyana, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Trinidad and Tobago and Uruguay).

^[2] Although not all of these countries have increased their target populations, particularly given the prioritization of capacity-building and advocacy activities which do not necessarily have targets that correspond to individual beneficiaries.

RMRP 22

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE (GBV) SUB-SECTOR: KEY FIGURES BY COUNTRY

Population Projection	People in Need (PiN)Total Requirements		PiN Percentage		People Targeted		
of PiN							
COUNTRY	7.:	<u>tiit</u>	* ****	↓↓	*↓↓ †**†	\$	Ø
BRAZIL	776.0 K	132.7 K	17.1%	22.6 K	17.1%	1.87 M	11
CHILE	996.5 K	104.0 K	10.4%	1.3 K	1.3%	2.53 M	5
COLOMBIA	7.63 M	3.13 M	41.0%	100.0 K	3.2%	20.08 M	33
ECUADOR	994.8 K	223.4 K	22.5%	92.6 K	41.5%	12.81 M	26
PERU	3.46 M	699.8 K	20.2%	85.3 K	12.2%	15.66 M	26
CARIBBEAN		1.7,		. / ,		. / .	
ARUBA	21.0 K	6.7 K	32.0%	760	11.3%	625.3 K	2
CURAÇAO	19.6 K	6.3 K	32.0%	1.2 K	19.0%	345.0 K	5
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	139.8 K	25.2 K	18.0%	6.7 K	26.6%	954.6 K	5
GUYANA	30.0 K	11.9 K	39.8%	1.0 K	8.4%	2.04 M	5
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	44.8 K	14.8 K	33.0%	3.2 K	21.9%	748.0 K	5
CENTRAL AMERICA & MEXICO	0						
COSTA RICA	506.4 K	221.3 K	43.7%	1.2 K	0.6%	618.6 K	5
MEXICO	598.9 K	73.0 K	12.2%	14.0 K	19.2%	763.3 K	4
PANAMA	513.6 K	228.5 K	44.5%	25.0 K	10.9%	1.89 M	8
SOUTHERN CONE							
ARGENTINA	456.5 K	24.0 K	5.2%	30	0.1%	421.3 K	3
BOLIVIA	142.3 K	31.1 K	21.8%	7.6 K	24.5%	699.6 K	4
PARAGUAY	13.3 K	2.6 K	19.7%	946	36.1%	307.2 K	3
URUGUAY	99.8 K	10.8 K	10.8%	50	0.5%	195.0 K	2

Please note that these country figures cannot be summed to create regional totals, as they include populations in-transit in each country.