







Context and Balance of the Brazilian Response

Briefing Session Refugees and Migrants Needs Analysis RMNA 2023

Brasília, 21 November 2023





Plataforma de Coordenação Interagencial para Refugiados e Migrantes da Venezuela



Increase in Arrivals

Until August 2023, there was a continuous increase in the arrival of refugees and migrants from Venezuela to Brazil, reaching a total number of 127,430 people entering the country. Furthermore, in the month of August, the highest monthly number of regular entries was recorded since borders were re-opened in June 2021, with a total of 17,690 entries.

Intention of Remaining in the Country

An <u>exit monitoring exercise</u> carried out jointly on a regular basis by R4V partners in Pacaraima between August and October 2023 revealed that 80% of those interviewed who left the country had the intention going only temporarily to Venezuela and then returning to Brazil.



Scenario

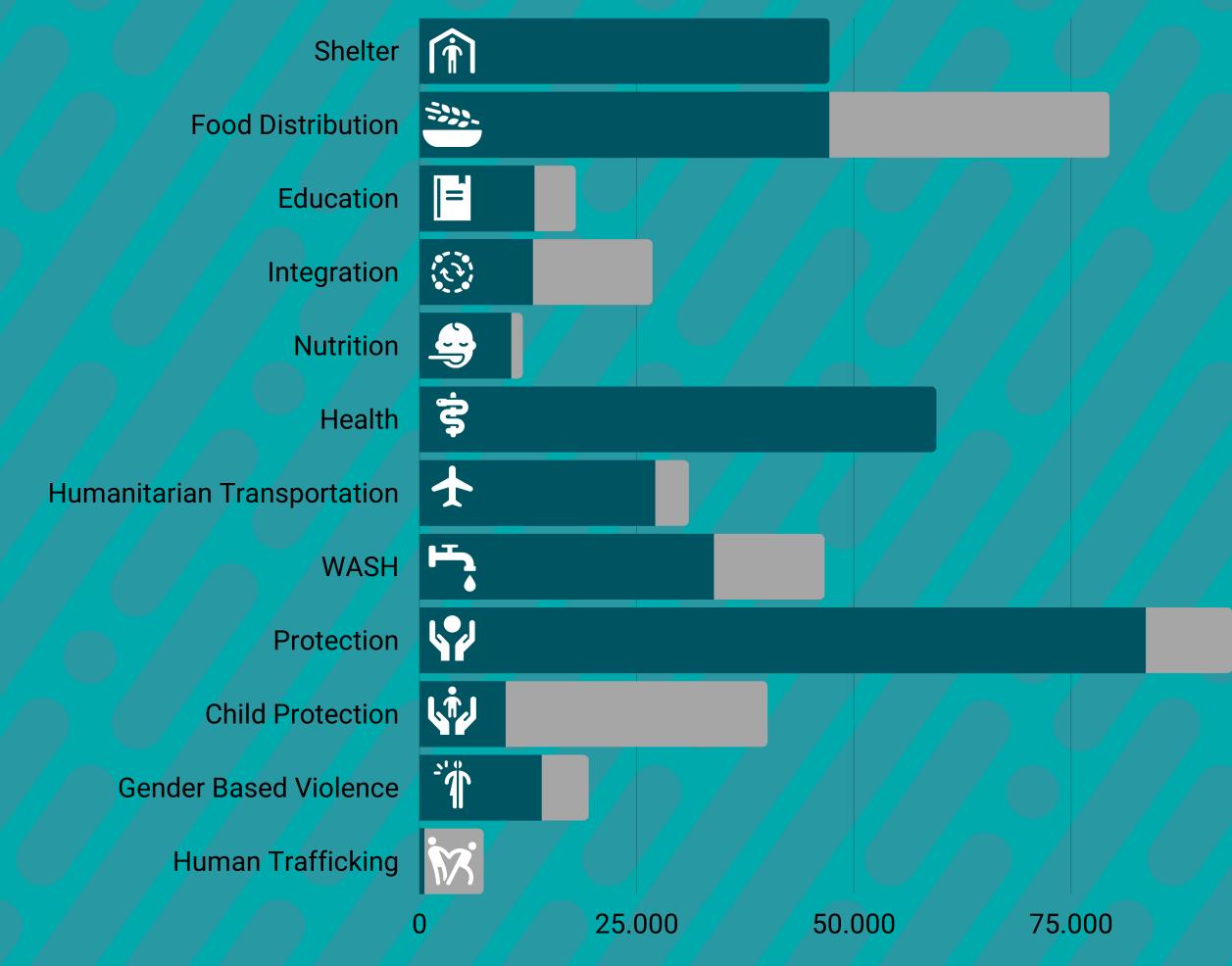
125k people assisted in 2022

115k

refugees and migrants

10k

members of the host community



R4V Brazil Platform and its Partners

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Sector Structure



Shelter **Food Distribution**

> **AVSI** IOM **UNHCR**



Education

UNICEF **UNESCO**



Protection

SJMR **UNHCR**



Health

PAHO/WHO UNFPA



Integration **Voluntary Relocation** Humanitarian Transp.

> IOM **UNHCR** World Vision



Nutrition

UNICEF



WASH

ADRA UNICEF



Child Protection

SOS Children's Village UNICEF



GBV

UNFPA UNHCR



Human Trafficking

IOM UNODC



Working Groups



Indigenous **Populations**



Support Groups









Needs Assessment Methodology

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RMNA Sources:

Firsthand Data Collection

JNA

JNA Methodology

Questionnaire

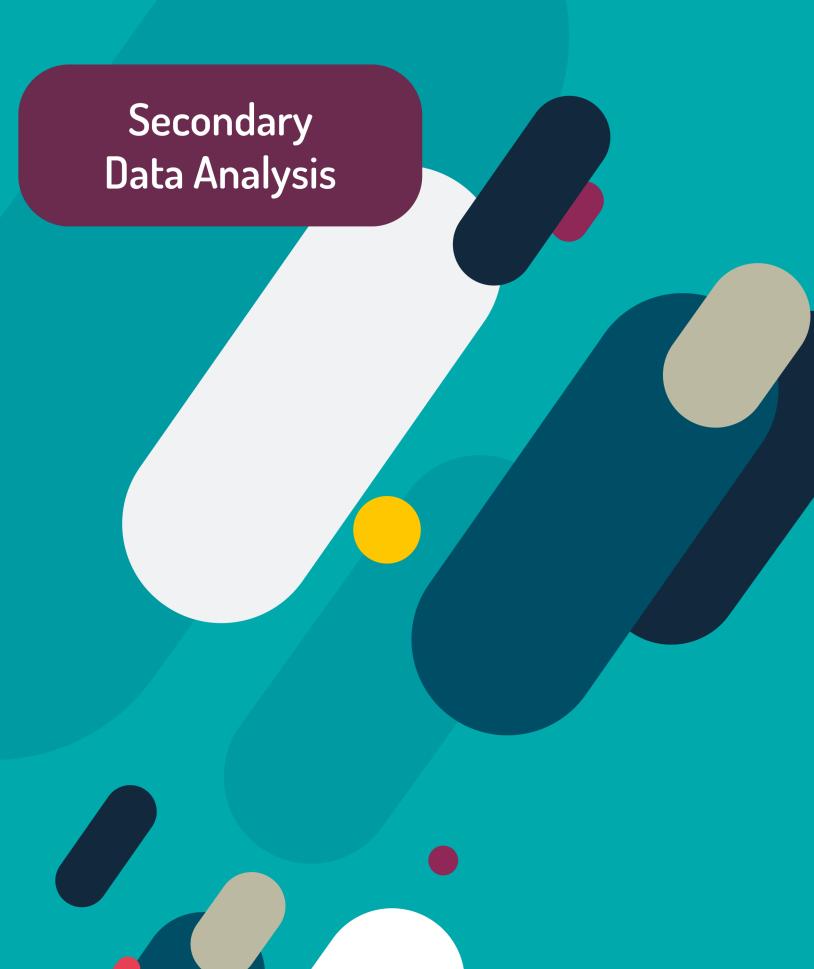
Built and validated by national sectors and aligned with regional sectors. The idea is to further standardize questionnaires in the region to create comparable data between national R4V platforms.

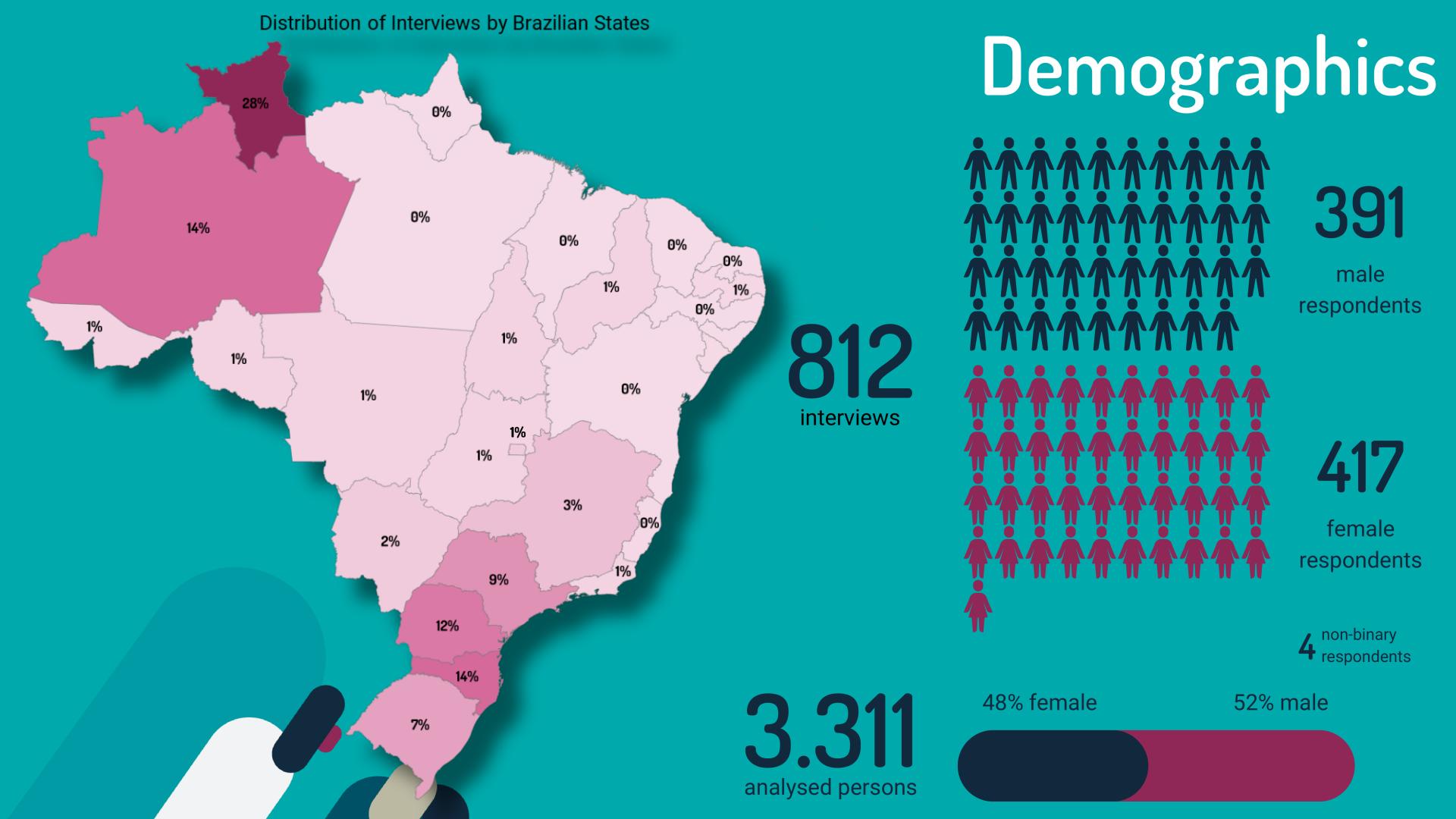
Interviews

Telephone interviews with 812 *hogares* (groups made up of people who live in the same space and eat from the same pots, even if they are not related by blood). All people interviewed were 18 years of age or older.

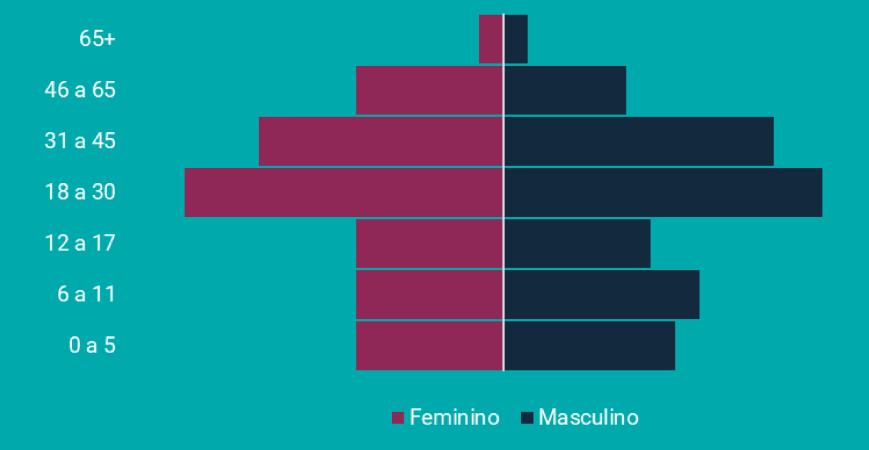
Data Collection

From 17 June to 8 July, 2023.





Age and Gender Distribution (Analysed Persons)



Age and Gender Distribution (Interviewed Persons)





14%

of women were pregnant or breastfeeding

71%

of *hogares* had people under 18 years old

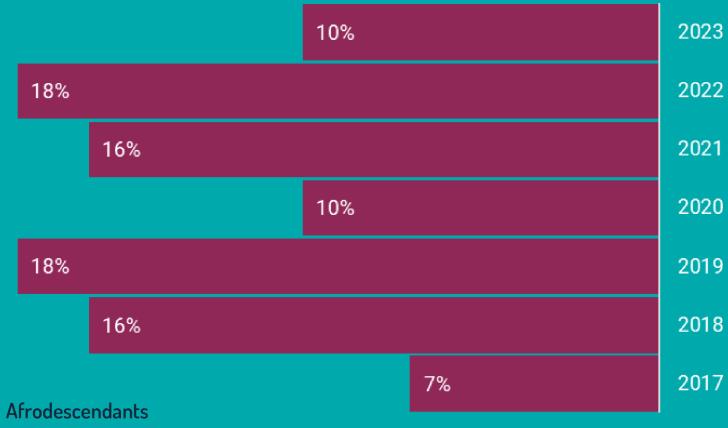
54%

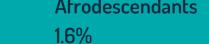
of people outside Roraima and Amazonas were interiorized

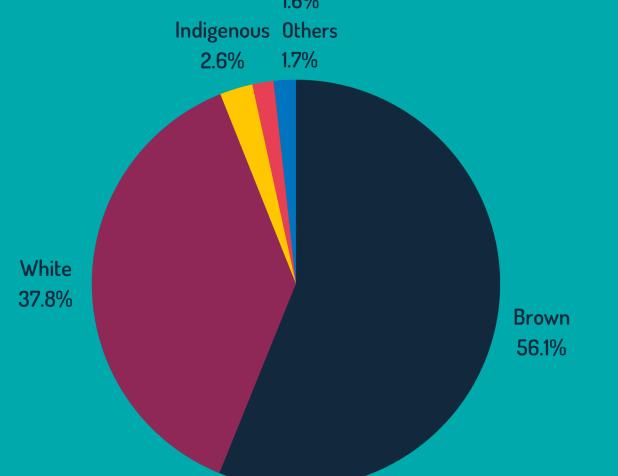
87%

of the people interviewed intended to remain in Brazil for the next twelve months

Year of Arrival in Brazil







Sectoral Needs

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Food Distribution



52%

of the households were not eating enough food in **Brazil**



63%

of the households were not eating enough food in **Roraima**

Food insecurity more prevalent in households headed by women, households with persons with disabilities and afro-descendants.



Nutrition





One in every five pregnant or lactating woman sought nutrition services but could not access them.



One in every five children under 5 years old sought nutrition services but could not access them.

18%

of children under 6 months were exclusively breastfed

Health



59%

of households reported health care needs

Health care needs were more prevalent in households headed by women, households with afro-descendants and persons with disability.

Types of health care needs

General Practicioner59%Pediatrician20%Gynocologist7%Cardiologist6%Neurologist4%

24%

of households have at least one person with disability

7%

of the analysed persons
have at least one type of
disability



13%

of the households have no access to sewage in Roraima and Amazonas

51%

of the communities reported the presence of flies, rodents and exposed solid waste

46%

of the households in Roraima without access to piped water **reported diarrhea or dysentery**



Shelter

24%

of the households do not know if they will have a place to live in the next month

600

persons living in the streets of Boa Vista and Pacaraima as of May 2023



95.200

new arrivals in the first half of 2023

38%

of refugees and migrants have at least one **specific protection need**

34%

of refugees and migrants reported incidents of **xenophobia**

Xenophobic discrimination more prevalent in households with **persons with disabilities** and **afro-descendants**.



Protection

Human Trafficking

29%

per cent of refugees and migrants worked in Brazil without getting paid

17%

per cent of refugees and migrants were deceived about their working conditions





One in every four refugee and migrant women feel at greater risk of suffering physical violence

Nationally, there was an increase in all cases of GBV, especially rapes (8.2%) and femicide (6.1%).

Protection risks are more persistent in the refugee and migrant population. Women, girls and the LGTBQIA+ population are more affected.





Child Protection



2.276

UASC cases identified in Roraima from January to October 2023

In the first half of 2023, Amazonas and Roraima were the states with the most reported cases of violence against Venezuelan children through Disque 100.

Roraima was the state with the highest proportion of refugee and migrant children among the total population of children rescued from child labour.



Education

3.000

children and adolescents waiting for school vacancies

36%

of children who arrived in 2023 (ages 6 to 17) are out of school

50%

of indigenous refugee and migrant adolescents ages 15 to 17

are out of school

Integration



28%

of the heads of households are working informally

Brazil



47%

of the heads of households are working informally Roraima



58%

of the heads of households are working informally

Amazonas



Humanitarian Transportation



49%

of refugees and migrants in **Roraima and Amazonas** are unemployed



Only 30% of relocated persons through interiorization with job placement were female.

Insecurity

5000

47%

55%

ed Non-relocated

Difficulties in accessing health care



20%

26%

Non-relocated



R4V Website

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RMNA 2023

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