



- POPULATION PROJECTION
- PEOPLE IN NEED (PIN)
- PIN PERCENTAGE
- PEOPLE TARGETED

	VENEZUELAN IN-DESTINATION		AFFECTED HOST COMMUNITY	
POPULATION PROJECTION	23.7 K	23.7 K	-	-
PEOPLE IN NEED (PIN)	16.1 K	16.1 K	3.2 K	3.2 K
PIN PERCENTAGE	68.0%	68.0%	-	-
PEOPLE TARGETED	9.4 K	9.2 K	2.1 K	2.1 K

TOTAL REQUIREMENTS
\$8.45 M **\$8.15 M**

RMRP PARTNERS
5

Guyana hosts refugees and migrants from Venezuela, including significant numbers of indigenous people, as well as Guyanese returnees. Due to the significant economic growth in 2022 and the projected future economic growth of 49.7% per annum following the discovery of oil and gas, the Venezuelan population is expected to increase in 2023 and continuously grow in 2024.

Venezuelans are issued a renewable 3-month stay permit upon arrival. The validity of extensions increased from 3 to 6 months in 2022. Refugees and migrants from Venezuela can also benefit from public services afforded to citizens but have limited means to travel and reach the places where these services are provided. In 2022, although the Guyanese Government, in conjunction with R4V partners, led efforts to respond to the needs of refugees and migrants from Venezuela, many of them faced several challenges in accessing food, shelter, and health services, among others. By September 2022, the price of food had increased by more than 11% compared to previous years, eroding purchasing power and creating severe food insecurity which

impacted the refugee and migrant and host communities. Remote areas such as rural and rainforest regions have been more acutely impacted by food insecurity owing to insufficient infrastructure to deliver food assistance. Further, a lack of safe and dignified shelter has been a burden for the Venezuelan population.

Protection concerns for refugees and migrants from Venezuela remain paramount, with the need for legal representation and documentation identified as a high priority. In addition, child protection and prevention and response to gender-based violence (GBV) as well as trafficking in persons are major concerns. Sex workers from the refugee and migrant community also experience human rights violations and exploitation and represent one of the most vulnerable groups. Limited livelihoods and income-generating options remain significant obstacles to integration, as are language barriers, particularly for indigenous groups. Additionally, access to sanitary facilities and potable water remain a challenge, especially in remote areas and for indigenous people.

RESPONSE PRIORITIES

1. Strengthen prevention, mitigation, and response to protection risks including child protection, and collaborate with key stakeholders to address GBV and trafficking in persons while working with key entities to provide information on documentation and legal assistance to the most vulnerable, including persons with specific needs.
2. Provide direct assistance through the delivery of food kits and enhance food security in the medium to long term through school feeding programs, by assisting with farming supplies and helping beneficiaries attain sustainable and durable livelihoods.
3. Promote dignified access to shelter solutions for the medium to long term and support the resilience and self-sufficiency of refugees and migrants by strengthening livelihood and integration opportunities so the affected population can access affordable housing. Support the shelter response to help vulnerable refugees and migrants from Venezuela, including survivors of GBV and victims of trafficking, through in-kind and cash rental assistance while reinforcing mechanisms to monitor the physical conditions of shelters and assist with rental agreements.

NUMBER OF ORGANIZATIONS AND FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS BY ORGANIZATION TYPE

2023 2024

	Total		International NGOs		National NGOs / CSOs ⁱ		Others ⁱⁱ		UN Agencies	
Financial requirements	\$8.45 M	\$8.15 M	12.9%	10.9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	87.1%	89.1%
Organizations	5		1		0		0		4	

ⁱ Civil Society Organizations.

ⁱⁱ Others include the Red Cross Movement, academia and faith based organizations. The list of organizations only includes appealing organizations under the RMRP, many of which collaborate with implementing partners to carry out RMRP activities.

POPULATION IN NEED AND TARGET, FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS AND NUMBER OF PARTNERS BY SECTOR

Sector	People in Need (PiN)		PiN percentage*		People targeted				Financial requirements (USD)		Partners
Education	11.4 K	11.4 K	40.0%	40.0%	2.8 K	1.6 K			982.3 K	915.0 K	3
Food Security	19.3 K	19.3 K	68.0%	68.0%	1.8 K	1.8 K			328.0 K	328.0 K	2
Health	13.4 K	13.4 K	47.0%	47.0%	0.6 K	0.3 K			254.5 K	65.0 K	2
Humanitarian Transportation	8.0 K	8.0 K	28.0%	28.0%	0.1 K	0.1 K			189.0 K	189.0 K	2
Integration	15.6 K	15.6 K	55.0%	55.0%	0.8 K	0.5 K			669.6 K	650.4 K	4
Nutrition	2.8 K	2.8 K	10.0%	10.0%	1.1 K	1.2 K			70.0 K	20.0 K	1
Protection**	15.9 K	15.9 K	56.0%	56.0%	9.6 K	9.6 K			1.74 M	1.62 M	4
Child Protection	4.8 K	4.8 K	17.0%	17.0%	0.2 K	0.3 K			289.0 K	468.5 K	2
Gender-Based Violence (GBV)	9.7 K	9.7 K	34.0%	34.0%	4.7 K	0.5 K			1.53 M	1.24 M	4
Human Trafficking & Smuggling	4.3 K	4.3 K	15.0%	15.0%	-	-			32.5 K	13.0 K	1
Shelter	11.7 K	11.7 K	41.0%	41.0%	0.2 K	0.2 K			787.0 K	990.0 K	2
WASH	13.9 K	13.9 K	49.0%	49.0%	10.3 K	11.3 K			529.0 K	595.5 K	3
Multipurpose Cash Assistance	-	-	-	-	0.5 K	0.5 K			371.2 K	371.2 K	3
Common Services***	-	-	-	-	-	-			672.0 K	687.5 K	4

* The PiN calculations for some sectors (namely, Nutrition, Education and all Protection sub-sectors) are based on specific age and gender groups, at times resulting in a lower PiN percentage, considering the total population group.

** This includes Support Spaces.

*** This includes AAP-CwC, Communication, Coordination, Information Management, PSEA, and Reporting.