





PEOPLE TARGETED



1.70 M

• 893.7 K

**480.3 K** 



TOTAL REQUIREMENTS

BUDGET RECEIVED\*

UNMET\*

• \$304.05 M

• \$100.30 M

\$ 203.74 M



REPORTING PARTNERS

36



IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS\*\*

34



**DONORS** 

13

# POPULATION TARGETED AND REACHED, FINANCIAL REQUIREMENT AND FUNDING

|            | SECTOR                             | - ini   |         | %      | <b>5</b> 1 | \$         | %      |
|------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|------------|------------|--------|
|            | EDUCATION                          | 173.0 K | 42.8 K  | 24.8%  | \$ 16.50 M | \$ 1.52 M  | 9.2%   |
| 333        | FOOD SECURITY                      | 381.4 K | 247.7 K | 65.0%  | \$ 45.37 M | \$ 30.83 M | 67.9%  |
| \$         | HEALTH                             | 479.7 K | 165.6 K | 34.5%  | \$ 30.38 M | \$ 3.87 M  | 12.7%  |
|            | HUMANITARIAN TRANSPORTATION        | 7.8 K   | 2.6 K   | 33.0%  | \$ 569.9 K | \$ 22.3 K  | 3.9%   |
| <b>(4)</b> | INTEGRATION                        | 364.9 K | 63.4 K  | 17.4%  | \$ 59.44 M | \$ 4.91 M  | 8.3%   |
| Ö          | NUTRITION                          | 42.2 K  | 19.1 K  | 45.3%  | \$1.20 M   | \$ 2.68 M  | 222.7% |
| \$         | PROTECTION                         | 299.9 K | 126.9 K | 42.3%  | \$ 45.64 M | \$10.18 M  | 22.3%  |
| <b>Li</b>  | CHILD PROTECTION                   | 58.0 K  | 19.4 K  | 33.5%  | \$ 8.79 M  | \$ 1.64 M  | 18.6%  |
| - "        | GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE (GVB)        | 62.6 K  | 17.0 K  | 27.2%  | \$ 12.83 M | \$ 631.1 K | 4.9%   |
| 4          | HUMAN TRAFFICKING AND SMUGGLING    | 170     | 50      | 29.4%  | \$ 2.89 M  | \$ 61.0 K  | 2.1%   |
| Î          | SHELTER                            | 59.6 K  | 38.8 K  | 65.2%  | \$ 11.39 M | \$1.92 M   | 16.9%  |
| 1          | WASH                               | 379.1 K | 88.9 K  | 23.5%  | \$ 9.07 M  | \$ 1.76 M  | 19.4%  |
|            | MULTIPURPOSE CASH ASSISTANCE (MPC) | 120.7 K | 132.6 K | 109.8% | \$ 52.46 M | \$ 20.28 M | 38.6%  |

<sup>\*</sup> Funding information as reported to the Financial Tracking Service (FTS). This may not accurately represent all funds actually attribuded to each sector or country of the RMRP response, as unearmarked funds from donors may not be reported to FTS with a sector or country designation at the time of receipt by RMRP partners. More information about the RMRP 2022 funding <a href="here">here</a>.

This includes RMRP appealing partners that are also implementing activities, as well as implementing partners that are not appealing partners. For this reason, it is recommended to quote partner figures separately and not sum the number of partners, as this would double-count implementing partners that are also reporting activities.

# **PERU**

## **SITUATION**

In February 2022, Peru re-opened its land borders with Ecuador (Tumbes) and Bolivia (Desaguadero), while in May the border with Chile (Tacna) was also opened. However, due to prevailing *visa requirements*, the majority of refugees and migrants from Venezuela continued to enter the country irregularly.

The implementation of two regularization exercises, announced by the Government of Peru in 2021, continued to enable access to regularization and documentation for Venezuelans throughout 2022. At the end of the year, the National Superintendence of Migration reported that over 233,000 Temporary Permit Cards were delivered to Venezuelans, as well as almost 28,000 humanitarian residence permits.

Sociopolitical instability and continuous changes among senior level authorities posed a challenge for R4V partners throughout 2022. On 7 December 2022, protests took place particularly in the southern regions, and affected all segments of the population, including refugees and migrants in-transit who were stranded as a result of blockades. Vulnerable host communities and refugees and migrants settled in Peru also faced an increase in prices and shortages of food and other essential items, particularly in the southern regions.

In the economic realm, while GDP increased by 2.9 per cent, inflation outpaced GDP and grew by 8.4 per cent, which was the highest recorded increase in the last two decades. This has impacted the cost of living for people in Peru, and particularly refugees and migrants from Venezuela.

### **RESPONSE**

The R4V National Platform in Peru (GTRM for its Spanish acronym) continued to focus its efforts on reducing economic and social vulnerabilities, including through cash assistance. In this regard, Multipurpose Cash Assistance (MPC) (CVA) partners reached over 220,500 people through Multipurpose Cash Assistance (MPC) and sectoral grants. This assistance helped cover costs for basic needs such as food and shelter. In addition, sectoral cash assistance enabled refugees and migrants from Venezuela to cover costs related to documentation, education, and health services, amongst other needs.

Regarding food security, 247,700 highly vulnerable refugees and migrants from Venezuela were supported with food assistance in 2022, reaching 65 per cent of the sector's target for the year. The Health Sector supported over 165,600 refugees, migrants, and host community members, reaching 35 per cent of its target, compared to 18 per cent in 2021.

R4V partners of the Protection Sector organized various orientation and legal counselling activities, complemented by case management, to support the regularization of Venezuelans in an irregular situation and provide documentation for asylum-

seekers. In addition, R4V partners provided vulnerable refugees and migrants from Venezuela with thematic trainings and workshops, for example on GBV and human trafficking. The Protection Sector also provided access to mental health and psychological support to 38,365 refugees and migrants from Venezuela, an increase compared to the 29,562 reached in 2021.

The Integration Sector made great efforts in increasing the opportunities for refugees and migrants from Venezuela to access decent work and improve self-reliance, by conducting various trainings on labour skills as well as trainings on self-employment and entrepreneurship. In total, GTRM partners reached 26,804 persons with trainings and orientation sessions to foster labour market inclusion.

In 2022, R4V partners improved access to the education system. In this effort, refugee and migrant parents were educated on the school enrolment process and provided with school items for children. A total of 3,433 laptops and tablets were distributed, to provide refugee and migrant children with access to the internet and online education services. In addition, 1,342 Venezuelans were assisted with the validation of their academic degrees, which enables access to the Peruvian labour market.

Furthermore, 55 GTRM partners participated in the RMRP 2022 compared to 69 in the RMRP 2023-2024, including four Venezuelan community-based organizations.

### **LESSONS LEARNED**

The RMRP received only 33.0 per cent of funds requested in Peru, with large disparities in funding across sectors. Despite these funding obstacles, Peru's response maintained its effectiveness thanks to strong coordination among partners, including Venezuelan community-based organizations. To increase accountability towards refugees and migrants from Venezuela, a community consultation component was included in the RMRP planning process to guarantee that the voices of refugees and migrants were included in the elaboration of the Response Plan, which incorporated 8,000 participants through its various components.

In 2022, to improve its coordination efforts, the GTRM incorporated the Ministry of Health as co-leader of the Health and Nutrition Sectors. This government leadership has strengthened the link between the interventions of R4V partners and the work of the government. It has also facilitated partners' access to the government, its data and plans.

Furthermore, in support of the National Institute of Statistics (INEI), five R4V partners provided technical assistance and funding to carry out the second survey of Venezuelan Population (II ENPOVE). This allows reliable data to be gathered, provides a clearer picture of the situation of this population and supports Peruvian authorities in designing policy that affects refugees and migrants from Venezuela.